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INS TRUCTION AND OPERATING MANUAL FOR
MODEL 205AH AUDIO SIGNAL GENERATOR
Serial 223 and Above

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

1. Frequency Range Two bands ..... 1 KC to 10 KC10 KC to 100 KC
Calibration of Main Dial Variation ..... 10 KC
Accuracy ..... $2 \%$
2. Maximum Power Output ..... 5 watts into matched load.
3. Distortion.... Less than 1\% distortion at 1 watt into matched load. Approximately $3 \%$ distortion at 5 watts into matched load.
4. Output Impedances 50, 200, 500, 5000 ohms. (center tapped, ungrounded)
5. Frequency Response $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ from 10 KC reference.
6. Frequency Stability. $\pm 10 \%$ line voltage changes cause no more than $\frac{1}{2} \%$ variation after $\frac{1}{2}$ hour warmup period.
7. Hum Level At least 65 db below output voltage, or 65 db below 1 MW at 500 ohms, whichever is greater.
8. Output Attenuation...Range 110 db in 1 db steps.Accuracy
尔
$\div 3 \mathrm{db}$ in first 80 du ;
9. Output Meter Calibration ..... Volts : Decibels.
Volts (500 ohms output impedance) 60 V full scale. Decibels ( 0 db -1 MW into 500 ohm load) ... +20 to $\div 37 \mathrm{db}$.
10. Power Supply 110 to $120 \mathrm{~V}, 60$ cycles, 140 watts.
11. Fuse Rating $1 \frac{1}{2}$ amperes.

## MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Cabinet Model: Overall Dimensions, $22-19 / 32 \times 13-3 / 16 \times 11-5 / 8$ in. max. Panel Size.......................................... $19 \times 10 \frac{1}{2}$ in. Panel Finish........................... Grey Wrinkle EnameI. Cabinet Finish..................................... Light Oak.
Relay Rack Model: Panel Size....................................... $19 \times 10 \frac{1}{2}$ in. Dust Cover $17-3 / 16 \times 12-1 / 8 \times 10-3 / 16$ in. max. Finish............................ Grey Wrinkle Enamel.

## CIRCUIT RESCRIPTTON

The Model 205-AH Audio Signal Generator consists of a HowlettPackard resistance-tuned oscillator in combination with an output meter, an attenuator, and an impedance-matching system.

The oscillator section consists of a resistance-coupled amplifier with positive feedback through a frequency-selective resistcrcapacitor combination, and negative feedback through a non-linear resistance which acts as an automatic amplitude coritrol. A $6 J 7$ and a $6 F 6$ are used as oscillator tubes. A regulated power supply is used as a de power source for the oscillator section, to increase the frequency stability.

In the power amplifier a $6 J 7$ amplifier tube and a $6 J 5$ phase inverter tube are used to drive two triode-connected 6L6G output tubes. The tertiary winding on the output transformer is used for negative feedback. This amplifier operates into a 500 chm line. The output meter measures the output voltage of the 5 watt power amplifier across the 500 ohm circuit. This meter is a diode circuit and is of the average reading type, calibrated to read the r.m.s. value of the sine wave.

Following the output meter are two bridged-T attenuators. one having 100 db of attenuation in 10 db steps, and one having 10 db of attenuation in 1 db steps. The 500 ohm circuit then feeds a linematching transformer. This transformer has output impedances oi 50, 200, 500, and 5000 ohms, all center tapped. These are selected by the impedance switch on the front panel near the output terminals.

It is necessary that the attenuators be correctly loaded fer the metering and attenuation systems to operate properly. In cases where the generator is working into a matched load, the operation will be correct. Where the generator is operating into a high impedance, the load built into the instrument should be used. This load is a 500 ohm resistance, which can be switched across the 500 ohm transformer winding by a switch on the front panel.

## OPERATION

This instrument has been carefully tested and adjusted at the factory and should need no further adjustment. The power switch may be turned on and if the instrument is operating properly, a voltage of at least 50 volts at 500 ohms output impedance will be obtained over the frequency range 1 to 100 KC .

The volume control on the front panel is used to set the output voltage level on the output meter to the desired value.

The output frequency is selected by the main dial behind the front of the panel. This dial is calibrated in kilocycles per second for the lovest frequency range.

The frequency range switch below and to the left of this dial indicates the proper multiplying factor to be used on the main dial calibration.

If the output meter is held at a fixed setting the voltage at the output terminals will be constant over most of the frequency range.

The output meter has been set to read the voltage at the 500 ohm output terminals with the system loaded. The voltage at the output terminals is reduced by the attenuator setting, or changed by the impedance level used. When the attenuators are set at zero, the following multiplying factors apply to the meter reading:

| Impedance | Meter Multiplying |
| :---: | :---: |
| 500 ohms | 1.0 |
| 5000 ohms | 3.16 |
| 200 ohms | . 632 |
| 50 ohms | . 316 |

The attenuators are located on the right-hand side of the panel. A table of output voltage ratios for various attenuator settings follows. Note that the attenuators must be properly loaded at the output of the instrument for this table to apply.

## Attenuator Setting Meter Multiplying Factor

| 0 |  | 1.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 |  | $.516$ |
| 20 |  | . 1 |
| 26 |  | . 05 |
| 30 |  | . 0316 |
| 40 |  |  |
| 46 | ......... | . 005 |
| 50 |  | .00316 |
| 66 |  | . 0001 |
| 70 |  | . 000316 |
| 80 |  | . 0001 |

Output impedances of $50,200,500$, and 5000 ohms are provided. These windings are center tapped to provide impedances of $12.5,50$, 125, and 1250 ohms from one side to center tap. The output terminals are brought out to three binding posts. A fourth binding post, connected to ground, is provided for grounding the output system if necessary. The impedance matching switch is located next to the output terminals on the panel. A second table follows, indicating the output voltage correction factor for different output impedances:

| Impedance | Output Voltage |
| :---: | :---: |
| 50 ohms | Subtract 10 db |
| 200 ohms | Subtract 4 db |
| 500 ohms | No Correction |
| 5000 ohms | Add 10 db |

## MAINTENANCE

Proper operating voltages are shown on the circuit diagram.
The frequency calibration will ordinarily remain correct without adjustment. Should it be necessary, however, to adjust the tracking of the main frequency selecting dial, an accurate source of frequency must be used for comparison. Set dial to l KC, range switch to Xl . Note output of oscillator at 1 KC , then set to 10 KC on dial. Adjust oscillator frequency to 10 KC by means of C 3 (see circuit diagram) and at the same time adjust the voltage output to be equal to that obtained at I KC on the dial, by adjusting the compensating capacitor Cl. This requires some maneuvering, as the settings are inter-dependent. Check output at 1 KC again, to make sure it has not changed. If it has, readjust output and frequency at 10 KC to match. If the instrument still does not track properly, the resistors have probably changed value. Return generator to the factory for range switch replacement and recalibration.

The distortion in this instrument should be measured periodically. Poor tubes will cause an increase in the harmonic content of the output, and if this rises above $1 \%$ ( 40 db ) at 1 watt output, the tubes should be replaced. Any of the tubes are capable of causing distortion.

Mazda lamp failure: Should it be necessary to change this lamp because of unstable output or failure to oscillate, adjust the output voltage of the oscillator section to approximately if volts. Set dial to 1 KC on the XI frequency range, connect a high impedance voltmeter from the junction of C3 and R17 to ground, and vary the padding resistor $R 8$ on the negative feedback. Add resistance to raise voltage, and vice versa.

The output meter may be checked against an external meter, and if necessary its calibration can be corrected by adjusting R2́g for by replacing $T 7$ ( 6 H 6 ).

The distortion of the oscillator section should be $0.3 \%$ ( 50 db ) or less at 10 KC .

The fuse is a $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ampere cartridge located on the under side 'of the chassis, next to the power cord. If fuse fails, the instrument should be carefully checked to ascertain the cause of the overload. Do not replace with a fuse of higher amperage, or short the , clips on the fuse block.

In general this instrument should be thoroughly cleaned every six months to remove accumulated dust. At the same time, the mechanical drive should be cleaned and lubricated with a light oil.

## LIST OF COMPONENT PARTS

MODEL 205AFI

|  | Cl | 100 mmfd | Air padder |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | C2 | 530 mmfd | 4-gang 4-section |
|  |  | ea sec. | variable capacitor |
|  | C3 | 25 mmfd | air padder |
|  | $\mathrm{C}_{4}$ | 50 mmfd | 500 V mica |
|  | C5a | 20 mfd ) |  |
|  | C5b | 10 mfd ) | 450 V electrolytic |
|  | C6 | . 1 mfd | 600 V paper |
|  | C7 | . 003 | 600 V paper |
|  | C8 | This reference not | assigned |
|  | C9 | .5 mfd | 600 V paper |
|  | Cl0 | . 1 mfd | 600 V peper |
|  | Cll | 2000 mmfd | 600 V paper |
|  | Cl2 | .05 mfd | 600 V paper |
|  | C13 | . 05 mfd | 600 V paper |
|  | c14a | 4 mfd | 600 V paper |
|  | C15 | 4 mfd | 600 V paper |
|  | C16 | 4 mfd | 600 V paper |
|  | C17 | 4 mfd | 600 V paper |
|  | C18 | 4 mfd | 600 V paper |
|  | C19 | Value selected to | circuit at factory |
|  | C20 | Value selected to | circuit at factory |
| $y$ | Sl | Frequency-determi | ning range switch |
|  | S2 | AC power switch, | SPST |
|  | S. 3 | Impedance matchinz | switch |
| 7 | S4 | Load switch, SPST |  |
| 0 | Al | Attenuator, 500 oh |  |
|  | A2 | Attenuator, 500 oh | ms, $0-100 \mathrm{db}$ |
|  | Pilot Fuse |  | 6-8V, . 15 anps , Mazda 1雲 amps, non-renewable |
| 12 | Tl | Power Transformer |  |
| 1 | T2 | Output Transformer |  |
| $A$ | T3 | Line-matching Tran | sformer |
| $N$ | Ll | Filtor choke, 6 h | at 125 MA |
| N | L2 | Filter choke, 6 h | at 125 MA |
| $\checkmark$ | M1 | Moter, 1 milliamp |  |
| (1) |  |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |  |

LIST OF COMPONENT PARTS
MODEL 205-AH



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF -HR-MODEL 205 AH SIGNAL GENERATOR

## CLAIM FOR DAMAGE IN SHIPMENT

The instrument; should be tested as soon as it is received. If it fails to operate properly, or is damaged in any way, a claim should be filed with the carrier. A full report of the damage should be obtained by the claim agent, and this report should be forwarded to us. We will then advise you of the disposition to be made of the equipment and arrange for repair or replacement. Include model number, type number and serial number when referring to this instrument for any reason.

## WARRANTY

Hewlett-Packard Company warrants each instrument manufactured by them to be free from defects in material and workmanship. Our liability under this warranty is limited to servicing or adjusting any instrument returned to the factory for that purpose and to replace any defective parts thereof (except tubes, fuses and batteries). This warranty is effective for one year after delivery to the original purchaser when the instrument is returned, transportation charges prepaid by the original purchaser, and which upon our examination is disclosed to our satisfaction to be defective. If the fault has been caused by misuse or abnormal conditions of operation, repairs will be billed at cost. In this case, an estimate will be submitted before the work is started.

If any fault develops, the following steps should be taken:

1. Notify us, giving full details of the difficulty, and include the model number, type number and serial number. On receipt; of this information, we will give you service instructions or shipping data.
2. On receipt of shipping instructions, forward the instrument prepaid, and repairs will be made at the factory. If requested, an estimate of the charges will be made before the work begins provided the instrument is not covered by the warranty.

## SHIPPING

All shipments of Hewlett-Packard instruments should be made via Railway Express. The instruments should be packed in a wooden box and surrounded by two to three inches of excelsior or similar shock-absorbing material.

## DO NOT HESITATE TO CALL ON US



## LIST OF MANUF ACTURERS CODE LETTERS <br> FOR REPLACEABLE PARTS TABLE

| Code Letter | Manufacturer |
| :---: | :---: |
| A | Aerovox Corp. |
| B | Allen-Bradley Co. |
| C | Amperite Co. |
| D | Arrow, Hart and Hegeman |
| E | Bussman Manufacturing Co. |
| F | Carborundum Co. |
| G | Centralab |
| H | Cinch Manufacturing Co. |
| I | Clarostat Manufacturing Co. |
| J | Cornell Dubilier Electric Co. |
| K | Electrical Reactance Co. |
| L | Erie Resistor Corp. |
| M | Federal Telephone and Radio Corp. |
| N | General Electric Co. |
| 0 | General Electric Supply Corp. |
| P | Girard-Hopkins |
| HP | Hewlett-Packard |
| Q | Industrial Products Co. |
| R | International Resistance Co. |
| S | Lectrohm, Inc. |
| T | Littelfuse, Inc. |
| U | Maguire Industries, Inc. |
| V | Micamold Radio Corp. |
| W | Oak Mfg. Co. |
| X | P.R. Mallory Co., Inc. |
| Y | Radio Corp. of America |
| Z | Sangamo Electric Co. |
| AA | Sarkes Tarzian |
| BB | Signal Indicator Co. |
| CC | Sprague Electric Co. |
| DD | Stackpole Carbon Co. |
| EE | Sylvania Electric Products, Inc. |
| FF | Western Electric Co. |
| GG | Wilkor Products, Inc. |
| HH | Amphenol |
| II | Dial Light Co. of America |
| JJ | Leecraft Manufacturing Co. |
| Z Z | Any tube having RMA standard characteristics |

