Application Note 339-1

## Impedance Characterization of Resonators Using the HP 4194A Impedance/Gain-Phase Analyzer



1. Resonator Evaluation

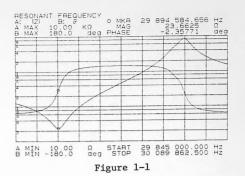
A wide variety of resonators are now used in an ever increasing spectrum of products such as microprocessor clock oscillators, tone generators TV IF filters ... etc. The types of resonators used include crystal, ceramic, polymer, mechanical and ferrite.

Until the HP 4194A became available, serious analysis and determining the device parameters from measured frequency characteristics required an external computer/controller to perform functions. The HP 4194A is a single instrument solution for obtaining frequency characteristics and computing parameters. Frequency characteristics are displayed on a color CRT and markers are used to define an area to be analyzed and extract data from the point indicated by the marker. Data analysis is carried out using the HP 4194A's computational, programmability and equivalent circuit analysis functions We will discuss an efficient method to evaluate ceramic resonators as the example. The single instrument solution to complex problems!

- 2. Resonator Characterization Using the HP 4194A
- (1) Resonant/Antiresonant Frequency

The resonant/antiresonant frequencies (series and parallel resonance modes) are the principle parameters of interest when analyzing resonators. The 4194A's markers are used to zoom in on an area of the displayed frequency characteristics to quickly find the points of resonance.

Markers are used to read frequency, impedance and phase anywhere on the displayed trace. Measurement resolution of 1mHz enables you to easily detect abrupt changes in frequency characteristics such as found in crystal resonators.



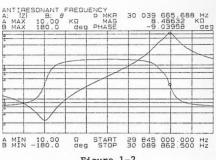


Figure 1-2

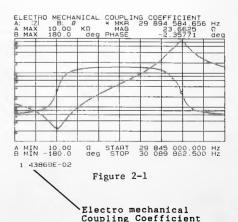
(2) Electro Mechanical Coupling Coefficient

This parameter indicates the efficiency of electrical to mechanical energy conversion. The coupling coefficient is calculated from the resonant/ antiresonant frequency data using the following equation.

$$Kt = \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{fr}{fa} \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{fa - fr}{fa}\right)\right)^{1/2}$$

where kt is the electromechanical coupling coefficient, fr is the resonant frequency, and fa is the antiresonant frequency.

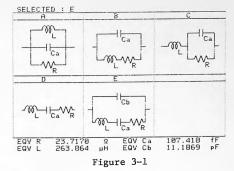
Arithmetic operations such as used in the above equation are possible from the HP 4194A's front panel, and the marker function can be used to specify the values for fr and fa from the displayed measurement data.

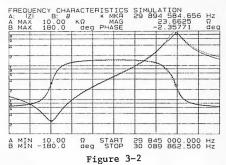




## (3) Equivalent Circuit Analysis

The equivalent circuit model for a resonator is shown in Figure 3-1. The components used in this model, L, Ca, R and Cb, are the basic elements needed to accurately model a resonator over the 4194A's frequency range. The 4194A's frequency range. The 4194A's from the the values of the equivalent circuit components from the measured data. The equivalent circuit analysis function is a powerful tool, unique to the 4194A, that designers can use to vary circuit constants when simulating possible changes in design, processing tolerances, and temperature. In a matter of minutes an engineer can measure the responce of a resonator, compute the values of the equivalent circuit components, and display the response of the hypothetical resonator simultaneously with the resonator's measured response (Figure 3-2). FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS SIMULATION EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT MODE





(4) Circle Diagram of Admittance

The circle diagram of admittance is a quick and convenient method of evaluating resonators. The diameter of the admittance circle represents the Q of the resonator, and the closer the admittance circle comes to forming a perfect circle, the better the stability of the resonator.

Previously, obtaining an admittane circle diagram required the use of an X-Y recorder or an external computer. You can obtain an admittance circle diagram directly without other instruments or a computer. You can use the 4194A's marker function to read the resonant frequency or other information from the admittance diagram.

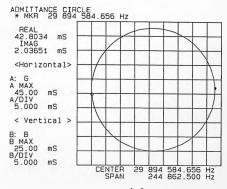


Figure 4-1



3. Automatic Evaluation of Resonators

4194A's HP internal The programming function. Auto Sequence Program (ASP), gives you the ablity to perform automatic evaluation without the function need of an external computer.

ASP can control all of the 4194A's operations: HP operations: measurement, display, measurement, ASP can automate any foregoing of the resonator evaluations, for quick a... efficient evaluation using onl instrument. Figure and only ire 5 program to automated shows а sample perform quick measuring the following items. ьу

- (1) Resonant/antiresonant
- frequency (2) Electro Mechanical coupling coefficient (3) Equivalent circuit
- analysis (4) Circle diagram of
- admittance

10 RST 10 RST 20 SHJ2 20 SHJ2 40 CHT"MN339-1;CERAMIC RESONATOR EVALUATION" 50 DISP "CONNECT 16047D" 50 DISP "CONNECT 16047D" 70 PAUSE 80 DISP "CUNNECT DEVICE" 90 BEEP 10 CHARTER ST 10 10 DISP "SEARCHING APPROPRIATE RANGE" 120 CENTER-30 HHZ 130 SPAN-1 HHZ 140 SHIRG 150 AST? 150 ASC2;AUTOA 170 START-HKR-50E3 180 SHIRG 180 SHTRG 130 NKHXA 200 STDP-HKR+50E3 210 Stiffe 220 CH1"FREDUENCY CHAR. OF CERAMIC RESONATOR" 230 MKR-CENTER 240 DISP "PRESS (CONT) SOFTKEY" 250 BEEP 250 BEEP 260 PAUSE 270 MKHNA;R1-HKR 270 NKNNA;R1-HKR 280 CHT"RESONANT FREQUENCY" 290 DISP "PRESS (CONT) SOFTKEY" 300 BEEP 310 PAUSE 320 HKHXA:RZ-HKR 330 CHT"ANTIRESONANT FREQUENCY" 340 DISP "PRESS (CONT) SOFTKEY" 350 BEEP 360 PAUSE 370 HCF5:HKR-R2 380 SHKR-R1 390 CMT"ELECTRO HECHANICAL COUPLING COEFFICIENT" 390 CHT"ELECIRO HECHANICAL COUPLING CUEFIC 400 R3-SRCH12-R1/R2-IAN(PI/2-(R2-R1)/R2)) 410 DISP R3 420 BEEP 430 PAUSE 430 PAUSE 430 PAUSE 450 EDDSP 450 EDDSP 450 EDDSP 470 EOCAL 480 DISP "PRESS (CONT) SOFTKEY" 490 BEEP\_\_\_\_ 500 PAUSE 510 CHT"FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS SIMULATION" 520 FCHRS 530 DISP "PRESS (CONT) SOFTKEY" 540 BEEP 550 PAUSE 570 CENTER-HKR 580 IHP9;DSP2;DPAB1;ASC1 590 SHTRG 610 HKR-R2 620 CHT"ADMITTANCE CIRCLE" 630 BEEP

- 530 BEEF 640 PAUS 650 CHT"AN33S-I∶CERAMIC RESONATOR EVALUATION" 660 DISP "END" 670 BEEP 680 END

Figure 5

## Ordering Information 4.

All of the functions evaluations we have descr and evaluations we have described can be performed using the HP 4194A Impedance/Gain-Phase Analyzer and the HP 16047D Test Fixture furnished with the

you order

4194A, you must indicate which test port impedance option you want. Option 350 is for a test port impedance of 50 ohm, and Option 375 is for a test port impedance of 75 ohm. Other test fixtures are availabe. Contact the nearest HP Sales Office for details.



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For more information, call your local HP sales office listed in the telephone directory white pages. Ask for the Electronic Instrument Department, or write to Hewlett-Packard, U.S.A. - P.O. Box 10301, Palo Alto, CA 94303-0690. Europe - Hewlett-Packard S.A., P.O. Box 529, 1180 AM Amstelveen, The Netherlands. Canada - 6677 Goreway Drive, Mississauga, L4V 1MB, Ontario, Japan - Yokogawa-Hewlett-Packard Ltd., 3-29-21, Takaido-Higashi, Suginami-ku, Tokyo 168. Far East - bir Welett-Packard Asia Headquarters, 47/F China Resources Building, 26 Harbour Road, Wanchai Hong Kong Australasia - Hewielt-Packard Australia Ltd., 31-41 Joseph Street, Blackburn, Victoria 3130 Australia Latin America - Hewleit-Packard Latin America Headquarters, 3495 Deer Creek Rd., Paio Alto, CA 94304 For all other areas, please write to: Hewlett-Packard Intercontinental Headquarters, 3495 Deer Creek Rd., Paio Alto, CA 94304

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